

WP8 Platform for population based registries

EUBIROD Network meeting ROME, 23-24 November 2015

Simona Giampaoli Istituto Superiore di Sanità Rome, Italy



www.bridgehealth.eu



BRIDGE-Health

The BRIDGE-Health project aims to work towards a European health information and data generation network covering major health policy areas by promoting the coordination and covergence of existing projects in health information





This project is funded by the Health Programme of the European Union

- To develop a framework for a comprehensive, integrated and sustainable health information structure which incorporates know-how and technical tools to coordinate and harmonise research and surveillance for Member States
- To develop blueprints for specific actions (tasks) of a EU-HIS
- To propose possibilities to develop the health information structure in a sustainable manner
- To evaluate different structural and istitutional options including a comprehensive European Research Infrastructure Consortium (ERIC) in health information





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| WP | Title |
|------|--|
| WP1 | Coordination of the project |
| WP2 | Dissemination of the project |
| WP3 | Evaluation of the project |
| WP4 | European Core Health Indicators Monitoring |
| WP5 | Harmonized population based health examination survey |
| WP6 | Impacts of environmental chemicals on health |
| WP7 | Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child, adolescents |
| WP8 | Platform for population based registers |
| WP9 | Platform for Injury Surveillance |
| WP10 | Building a Platform for administrative data on health care |
| WP11 | Integration of approaches into a comprehensive EU information system for health and health care monitoring and reporting |
| WP12 | Evaluation of health care system |





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Structure BRIDGE Health



BRIDGE-Health WP8 Platform for population based registries

Aims

- To gather and harmonise procedures/methods and best practices of population-based registries
- To improve standardisation and quality of data collection
- To facilitates implementation, sustainability, and maintainance
- To provide community health indicators occurrence, quality of care and outcomes





A population based registers is intended to cover all residents in a given geographic area within a time period and includes all events of a specific disease for

- monitoring the occurrence of the disease
- understanding the differences and changes in the natural disease dynamics
- identifying vulnerable groups
- monitoring in and out of hospital case fatality
- monitoring the consequence of disease in the community in terms of medication and rehabilitation
- monitoring the utilization of new diagnostic tools, treatment and their impact

EJCPR - 2008





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WHO MONICA Project CHD CASE FATALITY - Men 35-64 yrs



AMI/ACS Population-based Registers in Europe: population characteristics

| Country | Years | Age range | Population X 1000 | Accessibility |
|--------------------|--|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Charleroi Ghent | 1983-2003 | 25-69 25-74 (Ghent) | 100 142 (Ghent) | School of Public Health/Univ Ghent |
| Belgium Bruges | 1999-2003 | 25-74 | 151 | University of Ghent |
| Northern Denmark | 1978-2001 | ЯЦ | 494 | Aarhus University |
| Finland | 1993-2002 | 35-85 | 193 | NIPH |
| France | 1985-2004 | 35-74 | 1,519 | INSERM U780 |
| Germany | 1985-2002 | 25-74 | 407 | National Institute of Statistics |
| Italy | 1998-2003 | 35-74 | 2,600 | Institute of Health |
| Norway | 1972-2002 | яЦ | 1,000 | National Institute of Statistics |
| Spain | 1985-1998 | 25-74 | 480 | Institute of Health Studies |
| Northern Sweden | 1985-2005 | 35-74 | 322 | МОЛІСЯ |
| EURCISS | BRIDGEHEALTH BRidging Information and Data Generation | | 🛃 🛃 by t | s project is funded the Health gramme of the |



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AMI/ACS Population–based Registers in Europe: case definition

| Country | ICD version | Mortality ICD codes(*) | HDR ICD codes(*) | Linkage Mortality / HDR | Validation |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Belgium | IX, X | 410-414, 428, 799 | 410-414, 428 РГСЯ, САВG | Name, date of birth | ECG, enzymes, symptoms, MONICA |
| Northern Denmark | VIII, X | 410 | 410 | LIN, | No validation |
| Finland | x | 410, 411, 428,798, 799 | 410, 411 РГСЯ, САВG | LIN | MONICA, ESC/ACC |
| France | IX, X | 410-414, 428, 798, 799, others | 410-414, 428 | Name, date of birth | MONICA |
| Germany | x | 410-414, 798,799 | 410, 411 РГСЯ, САВG | Name, date of birth | MONICA, ESC/ACC |
| Italy | IX | 410-414, 798,799, others | 410-414 | Name, date of birth | МОЛІСЯ |
| Norway | x | 410 | 410 РТСЯ, СЯВG | LIN | No validation |
| Spain | IX | 410-414, 428, 798, 799, others | 410-414 | Name, date of birth | МОЛІСЯ |
| Northern Sweden – MONICA | x | 410, 411 | 410, 411 | LIN | МОҢІСЯ |







Platform for population based registries Task 1 deliveries

- Create a network of experts of population based registries
- Identify standardised definitions for diseases, common procedures and methods to establish population based registries (including sources of information, population size, identification and validation of events, quality control, ethical issues) to deliver estimates of ECHIM indicators of disease occurence
- Set up a stepwise procedure to implement population based registries
- Prepare guideline for training personnel involved in population based registries





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- Consortium agreement: in October, 7 institutions had not replayed yet; Tor Vergata was one of those
- Timeline of deliveries was presented
- Discussion on conceptual framework of EU-HIS, finalising definitions of mission, vision, goals and tasks
- Presentation of Horizontal Activities, rationale and questions for each HA
- Dissemination: website, leaflet, 2015 EUPHA workshops
- Work of the WPs months 1-6 and plans for 6-12





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Conceptual framework of EU-HIS

- Vision: EU-HIS provides the best available knowledge for decision makers to improve EU populations' health and well-being
- Mission: to improve population health of Europe by unnderstanding dynamics of health, identify best practices and comparison on local, regional, national, European and global level
- **Goals:** to support social and health policy:
 - with comparable data (harmonisation and standardisation)
 - of high relevance and utility (priority setting methods)
 - identifying gaps and addressing information needs
 - addressing ethical and legal issues





Conceptual framework of EU-HIS

Tasks: (EU, MS)

- identify priority setting methods, data sources and data gaps

 set up a data indicators repository (collection-with standardised tools; compilation by access, transfer; integration by data extraction; transformation by harmonisation; analysis by data quality output; inference)

- identify ethical and legal issues (ownership, sharing, access, transfer, storage, processing)

- linkage and exchange with stakeholders: research policy interaction, transferibility of data, ensure dataset per research purposes, guideline for training, sustainability interpretation





Work of the WPs months 1-6 and plans for 6-12

WP8 -Platform for population based registries

- Identification of experts (experience in fieldwork of population based registries, participation in European projects), invitation to collaborate, web community
- Meeting of the experts network on June the 25th in Rome and agreement to participate
- Technical report of network experts
- EUPHA workshop in Milan 17 Oct 2015, on standardization and quality
- Questionnaire for interviews to experts on manual of operations





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Presentation of Horizontal Activities

BRIDGE-Health is working through Horizontal Activities that bring together the experties developed within specific health information domains to tackle the following objectives:

Pensure transferibility of health information and data for policy

➢reduce health information inequality

>enhance information at regional level and specific groups

 \succ develop standardisation methods of the collection and exchange health information

identify data quality methods including internal and external validation of indicators

determine methods of health information priority settings

harmonisation of ethic-legal issues





HA5 - Data quality methods including internal and external validation of indicators

Rationale

- Using administrative data is attractive to outcomes researchers because they are at low costs, the number of people and events is large, and they are «populationbased» data
- The quality of sources of information is crucial together with validation process to ensure reliability and comparability of health information among countries, across regions and over time periods

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This process is time and cost consuming***,

BRIDGE – Health Steering Committee 6-7 October 2015 HA - Data quality methods including internal and external validation of indicators

Completeness of cases in the target population under surveillance (all cases- AMI, stroke, cancer, diabetes,)

Completeness of information (date of birth, place of treatment, date of admission, date of discharge, sex, hospital discharge diagnoses, treatment/procedures); **completeness of information sources of information** (hospitals, nursing home and clinics, drug dispensing registry, GPs registry, emergency and ambulance service, autopsy registry)

Internal validity (diagnostic criteria of event, validation of events). Often population based registries are used to validate national routine statistics, consistency of coding with the diagnosis, consistency of comparability among different areas, consistency of comparability over time

External validity representativeness of registry data in relation to mortality rate, risk factor distribution in the general population and health care system of the whole country





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BRIDGE – Health Steering Committee 6-7 October 2015 HA - Data quality methods including internal and external validation of indicators

Actions

- to identify adopted methods of quality assessment in the data sources/data collection among participating projects included in own protocol/manual of operations
- to identify adopted methods of quality assessment in the elaboration of health indicators among participating projects included in own protocol/manual of operations
- to create an overview of health information projects (population-based registries, Health Examination Survey,) where quality issues are addressed





BRIDGE –Health Steering Committee 6-7 October 2015 HA - Data quality methods including internal and external validation of indicators

Questions

- What kind of health information do you collect using standardised procedures/methods
- Do you assess ECHIM indicators following the recommended procedures/methods? In case you do not, please specify
- How do you assess completeness of event/information?
- Please describe methods
- How do you perform internal validity
- How do you assess external validity
- Have you received training for standardisation and data quality? How many training sections have you received and what type of training was it?
- What are the major difficulties that you have encountered to assure data quality?



